



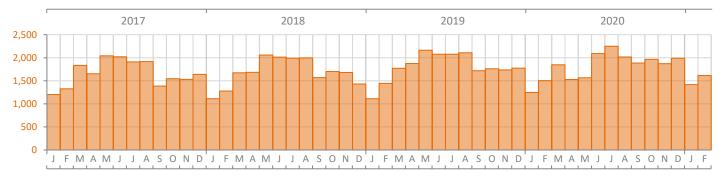
Summary Statistics	February 2021	February 2020	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	1,615	1,505	7.3%
Paid in Cash	384	313	22.7%
Median Sale Price	\$305,000	\$258,900	17.8%
Average Sale Price	\$372,522	\$317,617	17.3%
Dollar Volume	\$601.6 Million	\$478.0 Million	25.9%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	100.0%	98.0%	2.0%
Median Time to Contract	11 Days	37 Days	-70.3%
Median Time to Sale	55 Days	81 Days	-32.1%
New Pending Sales	1,863	2,046	-8.9%
New Listings	1,678	1,938	-13.4%
Pending Inventory	2,972	2,822	5.3%
Inventory (Active Listings)	1,392	3,695	-62.3%
Months Supply of Inventory	0.8	2.0	-60.0%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
3,030	10.1%
1,615	7.3%
1,415	13.4%
1,989	12.1%
1,872	7.8%
1,966	11.7%
1,885	9.8%
2,015	-4.3%
2,248	8.3%
2,089	0.6%
1,565	-27.6%
1,529	-18.4%
1,846	4.4%
1,505	4.1%
	3,030 1,615 1,415 1,989 1,872 1,966 1,885 2,015 2,248 2,089 1,565 1,529 1,846



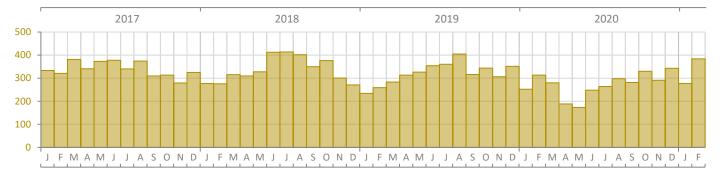


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	661	17.0%
February 2021	384	22.7%
January 2021	277	9.9%
December 2020	343	-2.3%
November 2020	291	-4.9%
October 2020	330	-4.1%
September 2020	281	-11.1%
August 2020	298	-26.4%
July 2020	264	-26.7%
June 2020	248	-29.9%
May 2020	173	-46.9%
April 2020	188	-39.9%
March 2020	280	-1.1%
February 2020	313	20.8%



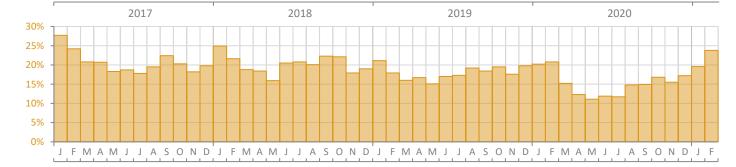
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	21.8%	6.3%
February 2021	23.8%	14.4%
January 2021	19.6%	-3.0%
December 2020	17.2%	-13.1%
November 2020	15.5%	-11.9%
October 2020	16.8%	-13.8%
September 2020	14.9%	-19.0%
August 2020	14.8%	-22.9%
July 2020	11.7%	-32.4%
June 2020	11.9%	-30.0%
May 2020	11.1%	-26.5%
April 2020	12.3%	-26.3%
March 2020	15.2%	-5.0%
February 2020	20.8%	16.2%



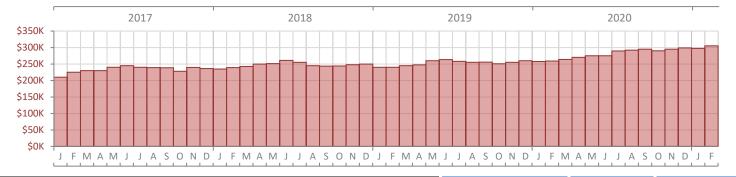


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$300,000	16.3%
February 2021	\$305,000	17.8%
January 2021	\$297,500	15.4%
December 2020	\$298,860	14.9%
November 2020	\$295,000	15.7%
October 2020	\$290,000	15.6%
September 2020	\$294,900	15.4%
August 2020	\$292,000	14.5%
July 2020	\$289,470	12.2%
June 2020	\$275,000	4.4%
May 2020	\$274,990	5.8%
April 2020	\$270,000	9.1%
March 2020	\$264,000	7.8%
February 2020	\$258,900	7.9%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$372,120	16.2%
February 2021	\$372,522	17.3%
January 2021	\$371,662	15.0%
December 2020	\$380,656	17.5%
November 2020	\$360,962	13.5%
October 2020	\$359,675	17.3%
September 2020	\$365,586	17.1%
August 2020	\$365,523	17.0%
July 2020	\$365,721	13.7%
June 2020	\$353,003	5.4%
May 2020	\$329,275	5.9%
April 2020	\$333,402	11.1%
March 2020	\$321,259	7.4%
February 2020	\$317,617	10.0%





Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

ollar Volume Percent Change Year-over-Year
1.1 Billion 27.9%
01.6 Million 25.9%
25.9 Million 30.4%
57.1 Million 31.7%
75.7 Million 22.4%
07.1 Million 31.1%
89.1 Million 28.5%
36.5 Million 12.0%
22.1 Million 23.2%
37.4 Million 6.0%
15.3 Million -23.4%
09.8 Million -9.3%
93.0 Million 12.0%
78.0 Million 14.4%



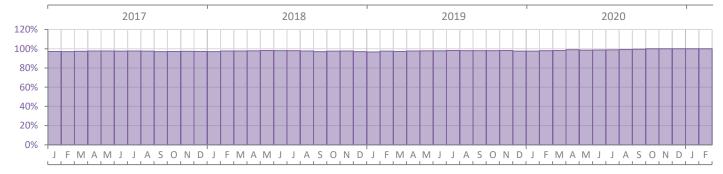
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

	Year-over-Year
100.0%	2.2%
100.0%	2.0%
100.0%	2.6%
100.0%	2.7%
100.0%	1.8%
100.0%	2.1%
99.5%	1.6%
99.2%	1.3%
98.8%	0.7%
98.7%	0.9%
98.5%	0.7%
98.9%	1.2%
98.1%	0.9%
98.0%	0.5%
	100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 99.5% 99.2% 98.8% 98.7% 98.5% 98.9% 98.1%







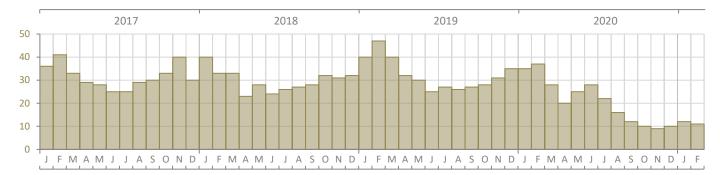
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	11 Days	-69.4%
February 2021	11 Days	-70.3%
January 2021	12 Days	-65.7%
December 2020	10 Days	-71.4%
November 2020	9 Days	-71.0%
October 2020	10 Days	-64.3%
September 2020	12 Days	-55.6%
August 2020	16 Days	-38.5%
July 2020	22 Days	-18.5%
June 2020	28 Days	12.0%
May 2020	25 Days	-16.7%
April 2020	20 Days	-37.5%
March 2020	28 Days	-30.0%
February 2020	37 Days	-21.3%





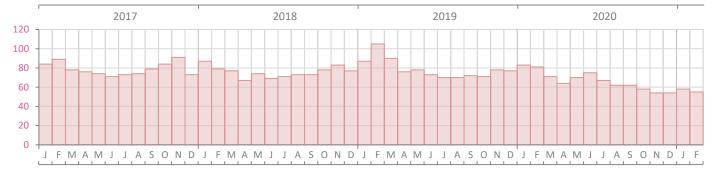
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	57 Days	-30.5%
February 2021	55 Days	-32.1%
January 2021	58 Days	-30.1%
December 2020	54 Days	-29.9%
November 2020	54 Days	-30.8%
October 2020	58 Days	-18.3%
September 2020	62 Days	-13.9%
August 2020	62 Days	-11.4%
July 2020	67 Days	-4.3%
June 2020	75 Days	2.7%
May 2020	70 Days	-10.3%
April 2020	64 Days	-15.8%
March 2020	71 Days	-21.1%
February 2020	81 Days	-22.9%





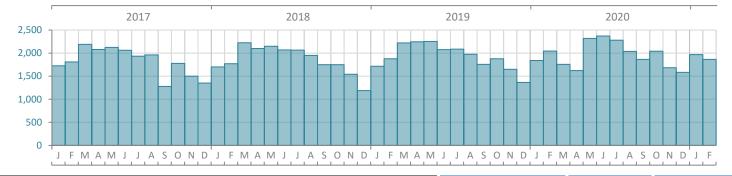


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,832	-1.4%
February 2021	1,863	-8.9%
January 2021	1,969	7.0%
December 2020	1,584	16.0%
November 2020	1,685	2.1%
October 2020	2,040	8.7%
September 2020	1,864	6.2%
August 2020	2,038	3.2%
July 2020	2,281	9.4%
June 2020	2,369	14.2%
May 2020	2,320	2.9%
April 2020	1,621	-27.8%
March 2020	1,756	-20.9%
February 2020	2,046	9.0%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,417	-13.4%
February 2021	1,678	-13.4%
January 2021	1,739	-13.4%
December 2020	1,539	9.2%
November 2020	1,582	-3.7%
October 2020	2,143	1.5%
September 2020	1,952	-0.9%
August 2020	1,905	-14.2%
July 2020	2,104	-6.0%
June 2020	1,970	-9.0%
May 2020	2,034	-18.1%
April 2020	1,637	-28.9%
March 2020	2,189	-2.1%
February 2020	1,938	-3.7%



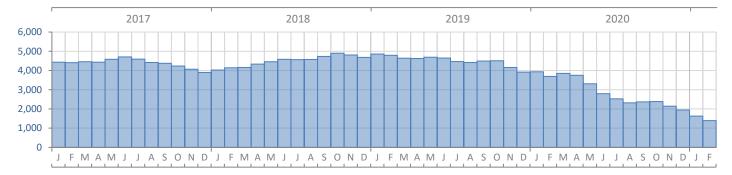


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1,510	-60.4%
February 2021	1,392	-62.3%
January 2021	1,627	-58.6%
December 2020	1,941	-50.4%
November 2020	2,143	-48.4%
October 2020	2,383	-47.2%
September 2020	2,366	-47.4%
August 2020	2,317	-47.5%
July 2020	2,526	-43.5%
June 2020	2,791	-40.0%
May 2020	3,312	-29.4%
April 2020	3,748	-18.9%
March 2020	3,852	-17.1%
February 2020	3,695	-22.8%



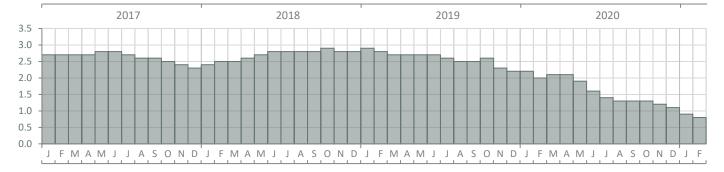
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1.0	-52.4%
February 2021	0.8	-60.0%
January 2021	0.9	-59.1%
December 2020	1.1	-50.0%
November 2020	1.2	-47.8%
October 2020	1.3	-50.0%
September 2020	1.3	-48.0%
August 2020	1.3	-48.0%
July 2020	1.4	-46.2%
June 2020	1.6	-40.7%
May 2020	1.9	-29.6%
April 2020	2.1	-22.2%
March 2020	2.1	-22.2%
February 2020	2.0	-28.6%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - February 2021 Single Family Homes Hillsborough County

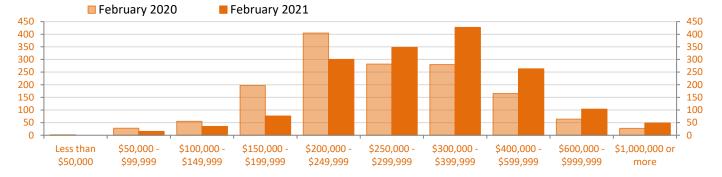


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	15	-46.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	35	-36.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	76	-61.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	300	-25.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	348	23.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	427	52.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	263	59.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	103	60.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	48	77.8%

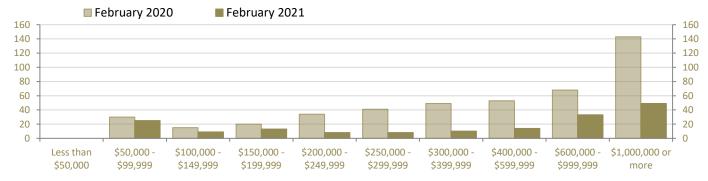


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	25 Days	-16.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	9 Days	-40.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	13 Days	-35.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	8 Days	-76.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	8 Days	-80.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	10 Days	-79.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	14 Days	-73.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	33 Days	-51.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	49 Days	-65.7%



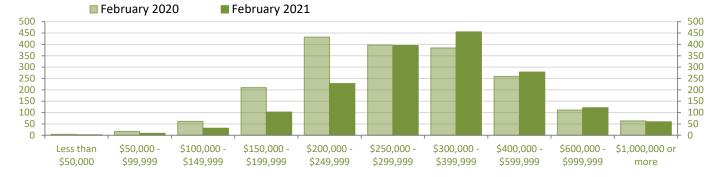


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	-50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	8	-52.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	31	-49.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	102	-51.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	227	-47.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	395	-0.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	455	18.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	278	7.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	121	9.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	59	-6.3%

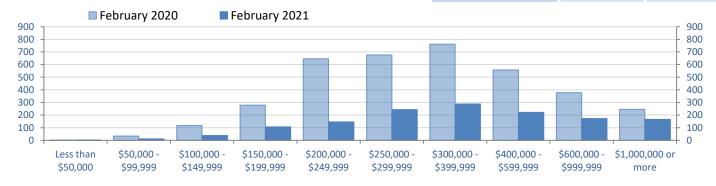


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	11	-67.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	38	-67.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	106	-61.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	145	-77.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	243	-64.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	288	-62.2%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	222	-60.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	172	-54.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	166	-32.5%



Monthly Distressed Market - February 2021 Single Family Homes Hillsborough County



